Journal of Applied Christian Leadership

Volume 5 | Number 1

Article 23

2011

The Relationship Between Selected Ministry Factors and Effective Local Church Youth Evangelism: A Delphi Study [Dissertation Notice]

Dustin J. Schadt

Follow this and additional works at: https://digitalcommons.andrews.edu/jacl Part of the <u>Leadership Studies Commons</u>

Recommended Citation

Schadt, Dustin J. (2011) "The Relationship Between Selected Ministry Factors and Effective Local Church Youth Evangelism: A Delphi Study [Dissertation Notice]," *Journal of Applied Christian Leadership*: Vol. 5: No. 1, 113-113. Available at: https://digitalcommons.andrews.edu/jacl/vol5/iss1/23

This Leadership Resource is brought to you for free and open access by Digital Commons @ Andrews University. It has been accepted for inclusion in Journal of Applied Christian Leadership by an authorized editor of Digital Commons @ Andrews University. For more information, please contact repository@andrews.edu.

and complexity, and in which people flourish by working together as a team; (d) to develop stewardship as an organizational ethic and practice; and (e) to create a new leadership team—a change group—in which the new values, beliefs, and norms could be practiced, expressed, and nurtured.

Schadt, Dustin J. (2010). *The relationship between selected ministry factors and effective local church youth evangelism: A Delphi study.* Ph.D., The Southern Baptist Theological Seminary.

The purpose of this research was to determine the relationship between selected ministry factors and effective vouth evangelism in the local church. One overarching conclusion of the study was that the ministry factors that were most effective were not necessarily specific programs or reproducible activities. Rather, the most effective factors were intangible qualities centered upon a dependence on God and a passion to reach people. The researcher concluded that the most effective ministry factors in reaching young people evangelistically centered upon leadership, drive, passion, and vision.

Scuderi, Noelle F. (2010). Servant leadership and transformational leadership in church organizations. Ph.D., The George Washington University.

Servant leadership and transformational leadership are independently supported by over 30 years of theory and empirical research. However, their similar claims toward optimal leader, organizational, and follower outcomes call for examination of their distinctions and their unique contributions to leadership research and knowledge. The current study examines the relative effectiveness of servant leadership and transformational leadership, seeking to provide empirical evidence of each model's independence and unique contributions, as well as their shared contributions.